

Supplementary Appendix 1: Children in Care History - reason terminated categories

Category coding	Explanation
Accom O. replaced by RO	Accommodation Order (Article 21) replaced by Residence Order. Children with Accommodated legal status have been accommodated by a HSCT if there is no one who has parental responsibility for them, they have been lost or abandoned or the person who has been caring for them has been prevented, for whatever reason, from providing them with suitable accommodation or care. Children are often accommodated with the permission of their parent(s). A Residence Order sets out where the child lives until they reach the age of 16 years. The Residence Order can be for residence with one parent or for shared residence between two parents. Other people, depending on their relationship with the child, may be able to apply for a Residence Order. A Residence Order does <i>not</i> give a HSCT parental responsibility.
Accom O. replaced by SO	Accommodation Order replaced by Supervision Order. A Supervision Order requires the HSCT to advise, assist and befriend the supervised child and can only be granted if the same threshold conditions that apply for Care Orders are met. A Supervision Order does <i>not</i> give a HSCT parental responsibility. It does allow a social worker to issue directions about the child's upbringing including place of residence and involvement in certain programmes.
Accom O. replaced by CO	Accommodation Order replaced by Care Order. A Care Order (Article 50) accords the HSCT parental responsibility and allows for the child to be removed from the parental home.
Accom O. discharged – no other Order made	Accommodation Order discharged – no other legal order made.
Adoption	Child adopted.
Attained 18 years of age	Reached age 18 years. Note this category defunct from approximately 1997, replaced by "Reached age 18 years".
Breakdown	Care placement broken down.
C.O. Disch – No other O.M	Care Order discharged, no other legal order made.
C.O. replaced by R.O.	Care Order replaced by Residence Order.
C.O. replaced by S.O.	Care Order replaced by Supervision Order.
C.O. replaced by A.O.	Care Order replaced by Accommodation Order.
Care untkn by par/grd	Care undertaken by parent or guardian.
Care untkn by par/rel	Care undertaken by parent or relative.
Deceased	Death of the child.
Hosp Admission	Child admitted to hospital.
Marriage	Marriage.
New Order	New Care Order.
Order Expired	Care Order expired when child reached 18 years.
Order Revoked	Care Order revoked.
Planned move	Placement move.
Reached age 18 years	Reached age 18 years.
Reached age 21 years	Reached age 21 years.
Respite	A move from one carer to another to give the main carer respite.
S.O. disch – no other O.M.	Supervision Order discharged, no other order made.

Continued

Supplementary Appendix 1: Continued

Category coding	Explanation
S.O. replaced by R.O.	Supervision Order discharged, replaced by Residence Order.
S.O. replaced by C.O.	Supervision Order discharged, replaced by Care Order.
S.O. replaced by Accom Order	Supervision Order discharged, replaced by Accommodation Order.
Superseded	Usually Care Order replaced by Adoption Order, sometimes may be a secure accommodation order.
TSO granted	Training School Order (TSO). Now defunct, but historically a child could be subject to a TSO for care or criminal justice reason.
Transferred	Transferred to another area /HSCT.

